

Legislative Council Staff

Nonpartisan Services for Colorado's Legislature

Revised Fiscal Note

(replaces fiscal note dated March 10, 2022)

Drafting Number: Prime Sponsors:	LLS 22-0408 Sen. Gonzales Rep. Bacon; Gonzales-Gutierrez	Bill Status:	May 11, 2022 House Third Reading Aaron Carpenter 303-866-4918 Aaron.Carpenter@state.co.us	
Bill Topic:	DECEPTIVE TACTICS JUVENILE CUSTODIAL INTERROGATION			
Summary of Fiscal Impact:	☐ State Revenue☑ State Expenditure☐ State Transfer	⊠ Local	□ TABOR Refund⊠ Local Government□ Statutory Public Entity	
	The bill requires law enforcement agencies that use or might use any juvenile custodial interrogation procedures to adopt related written policies and procedures. Starting in FY 2022-23, the bill will increase state and local workload on an ongoing basis.			
Appropriation Summary:	No appropriation is required.			
Fiscal Note Status:	This revised fiscal note reflects the revised version of the bill.			

Summary of Legislation

By February 28, 2023, the bill requires law enforcement agencies that use or might use any juvenile custodial interrogation procedure to adopt written policies and procedures that are consistent with the juvenile custodial interrogation procedures of the International Association of Chiefs of Police or other nationally recognized peer-reviewed research. Specifically, the policies must include requirements for:

- age-appropriate Miranda warnings administered prior to custodial interrogation;
- electronic recording of all juvenile custodial interrogations; and
- tailored questions for the age, sophistication, maturity, level of education, mental ability, and other pertinent information of the juvenile.

Background

House Bill 16-1117 required a peace officer investigating an alleged class 1 or 2 felony or a felony sexual assault to electronically record an interrogation occurring in a detention facility.

Page 2 May 11, 2022 SB 22-023

State Expenditures

To the extent a state law enforcement agency uses or might use juvenile custodial interrogation procedures, workload to that agency will increase to develop policies in line with the bill. No change in appropriations is required for any state agency.

Local Government

Workload to local law enforcement agencies will increase to update policies to reflect the requirements of the bill.

Effective Date

The bill takes effect 90 days following adjournment of the General Assembly sine die, assuming no referendum petition is filed.

State and Local Government Contacts

Corrections District Attorneys Education Higher Education

Human Services Information Technology

Judicial Law Natural Resources Sheriffs